Congress of the United States

Washington, DC 20515

December 14, 2023

President Joseph R. Biden The White House 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

Vladimir Putin and Russia continue to prove themselves to be unreasonable aggressors, and we urge you to strengthen U.S. sanctions targeting the Russian seafood sector.

The seafood industry is a major driver of Russia's economy and has become a critical source of revenue for the Kremlin since the invasion began. In 2023 alone, Russian fisheries have been monetized for the benefit of the Russian regime through: (1) new fishing quota auctions, which were expected to raise nearly \$4 billion this year; (2) a new seafood export duty of up to 7 percent imposed by the Kremlin on October 1; and (3) increased fishing intensity, which is projected to push total Russian fishery landings this year to their highest levels since the fall of the Soviet Union.

Executive Order 14068, signed on March 11, 2022, banned seafood imports of Russian origin from entering the U.S. market along with certain other imports. That was an important and much-needed policy action to target revenue-generating sectors of the Russian economy. Unfortunately, as currently implemented, the U.S. prohibition on Russian seafood imports has not been as effective as it could be. This is because most Russian seafood is sent abroad for processing, a step that has been interpreted as conferring product origin on the processing country. In many instances, the third country where Russian seafood processing occurs is China. Through October of this year, Russian seafood exports to China are up more than 30 percent compared to last year, and they have more than doubled since 2021. Vast quantities of this Russian harvested / Chinese processed seafood enter the U.S. market as a "product of China," in defiance of U.S. sanctions and at a 0 percent tariff rate.

We ask that you act with urgency to close this loophole. New executive action to ensure U.S. sanctions apply to all Russian-harvested seafood—regardless of its movement through third countries—is an important step to drain Putin's war chest and bring an end to this disastrous war. Excluding all Russian-harvested seafood from the U.S. market would impose immediate consequences on the Russian economy. We hope that it may also form the basis for future coordinated G7 action, which could deprive the Russian seafood sector of access to all its most critical global markets.

We are encouraged that the European Union is now taking meaningful steps against the Russian seafood sector. On November 27, the European Council announced finalization of a new regulation that will exclude all Russian-harvested seafood from its duty-free "Autonomous Tariff"

Quota" system. This new regulation, effective January 1, 2024, will result in significant new EU tariffs on many Russian-harvested seafood products, even if those products are re-processed in China or another third country. We strongly encourage you to ensure that all Russian-harvested seafood is included in the scope of economic measures implemented against the Russian seafood sector or we fear the EU excluded seafood may be redirected to U.S. markets.

Effective U.S. sanctions against Russian seafood would also advance other policy goals. First, they would provide greater fairness to domestic seafood producers. For years, Russia and China have locked U.S. seafood products out of their markets. Russia has banned U.S. seafood from entering its market since 2014, while China has imposed retaliatory tariffs of 30 percent on U.S. seafood products since 2018. We simply cannot allow Russian-harvested / Chinese-processed seafood to continue to enter the U.S. market duty-free under these circumstances. Domestic seafood producers deserve greater fairness in international seafood trade, and action to extend sanctions against Russian seafood would be a meaningful step in that direction. Second, implementation of more comprehensive sanctions against Russian-harvested seafood products is an opportunity to strengthen U.S. import controls relating to seafood products in ways that can improve seafood supply chain transparency and meaningfully contribute to countering illegal, unreported, and unregulated (IUU) fishing.

Thank you for considering our perspectives on this critical issue. Strengthened U.S. sanctions against the Russian seafood industry would impose meaningful additional economic consequences on Russia and are urgently needed, and we look forward to working with your administration to achieve these objectives.

Sincerely,

Suzan K. DelBene

Member of Congress

Garret Graves
Member of Congress

Mary Sattler Peltola Member of Congress Robert J. Wittman Member of Congress

¹ Council of the EU. (2023, November 27). *Import of fishery products: Council adopts autonomous EU tariff quotas for 2024 to 2026* [Press release]. https://www.consilium.europa.eu/en/press/press-releases/2023/11/27/import-of-fishery-products-council-adopts-autonomous-eu-tariff-quotas-for-2024-to-2026/



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The Honorable Janet Yellen, Secretary of Treasury cc:

The Honorable Gina M. Raimondo, Secretary of Commerce

The Honorable Alejandro Mayorkas, Secretary of Homeland Security

The Honorable Antony J. Blinken, Secretary of State

The Honorable Jake Sullivan, National Security Advisor

The Honorable Katherine Tai, United States Trade Representative

The Honorable Troy A. Miller, Acting Customs and Border Protection Administrator

The Honorable Richard W. Spinrad, NOAA Administrator